**IS PROJECT**

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**Handwritten Notes.**

**PROJECT BASED ON RISK ASSESSMENT AND THREAT MANAGEMENT**

**Company: Avanza Solutions**

**Sector: Digital Technology and Automation**

**Training ~ PDF # 1**

**1. Do you conduct robust and frequent end-user cybersecurity awareness training?**

**Yes:** They conduct cybersecurity awareness training regularly, although resource limitations may impact the extent of training. Recognizing its importance, the organization invests in educating employees to maintain a strong security posture within budget constraints.

**2. Have you taught everyone how to securely store passwords or passphrases?**

**Yes:** They provide training on secure password storage practices, acknowledging the challenge of enforcing consistent application across diverse systems. Despite difficulties, the organization emphasizes security education to enhance overall awareness and practices.

**3. Do you conduct quarterly anti-phishing, smishing, and vishing campaigns?**

**No:** They face operational challenges that lower the frequency of anti-phishing campaigns. Resource and time constraints impact the ability to conduct these campaigns quarterly, though they are recognized as crucial for cybersecurity.

**4. Does everyone in your organization understand the risk associated with cybersecurity?**

**No:** Universal awareness is lacking Avanza, and reporting procedures may lack clarity. The organization recognizes the variability in employee backgrounds and the complexity of cybersecurity topics, contributing to inconsistent awareness levels.

**Access Control ~ PDF # 3**

**5. Are all vendor default accounts changed or disabled?**

**No:** Changes to vendor default accounts are inconsistently applied across systems at Avanza. Decentralized IT management and oversight contribute to disparities in security practices.

**6. Are only necessary services, protocols, daemons, and functions enabled?**

**Yes:** They maintain a policy of minimal exposure to reduce potential vulnerabilities. The organization enables only essential services, protocols, daemons, and functions, emphasizing continuous monitoring and updates.

**7. Is all unnecessary functionality removed or disabled?**

**No:** They face challenges in removing all non-essential functionality due to operational requirements and system interdependencies. Balancing security with operational needs is a complex task.

**8. Are all accounts immediately disabled or deleted upon termination of employment?**

**Yes:** They take immediate action upon employee departure, ensuring account disablement or deletion to prevent unauthorized access. This proactive measure safeguards against potential security breaches.

**9. Are all screen idle times set for 15 minutes and require reauthentication to unlock?**

**No:** Uniform implementation of screen idle times is challenging Avanza. Device variations and user needs contribute to difficulties in standardizing this security measure.

**End User ~ PDF # 9**

**10. Do you provide end-users a tool to save all passwords?**

**No:** They do not uniformly provide tools for password management to end-users. The organization acknowledges the diversity of user preferences and the complexity of implementing a unified system, contributing to this limitation.

**11. Have you developed an administrator (admin) and user password or passphrase policy that eliminates the use of common or easy-to-guess passwords?**

**Yes:** They have implemented a password policy to enhance security. However, the enforcement of this policy might not be consistent across all users and systems. This inconsistency arises due to factors like user awareness, password change requirements and system limitations.

**End Points ~ PDF # 9**

**12. Are all endpoint logs ingested by smart technology using threat intelligence and AI?**

**Yes:** They employ advanced technology to analyze endpoint logs, utilizing threat intelligence and AI. This enhances threat detection and response capabilities, fostering a proactive security approach.

**13. Do you harden all endpoints and remove unnecessary functionalities?**

**No:** Complete hardening of all endpoints is challenging for Avanza. This is due to the diverse requirements of job functionalities, varying applications, and potential limitations in removing non-essential components without impacting job performance.

**14. Do you have next-generation anti-malware protection on all endpoints with a threat intelligence-based platform?**

**No:** Implementation challenges arise for They due to compatibility issues with existing systems. The organization acknowledges the importance of advanced protection but faces difficulties in ensuring uniform deployment across all endpoints.

**15. Do you prevent non-enterprise-controlled and secured devices from connecting to any portion of your network?**

**Yes:** They endeavor to control access to its network by preventing non-enterprise devices from connecting. However, the organization faces limitations in maintaining strict control over all external devices attempting to access the network. Like varied device types, evolving technologies, and the diverse locations from which devices connect.

**17. Do all endpoints have non-disabling antivirus with automatic updates?**

**Yes:** They ensure uniform antivirus deployment on all endpoints. The antivirus is designed to be non-disabling, and automatic updates are implemented, ensuring up-to-date threat protection.

**18. Do all endpoints have next-generation anti-malware applications?**

**No:** Limited implementation on all endpoints is due to compatibility issues faced by Avanza. Despite recognizing the importance of advanced malware protection, achieving widespread deployment is hindered by compatibility challenges with existing systems.

**Event Management ~ PDF # 20**

**19. Are all logs stored for at least 2 years?**

**No:** The duration of log storage Avanza may vary. Achieving uniform storage for a minimum of two years poses challenges, considering factors such as resource constraints, evolving compliance requirements, or the nature of the logged information.

**20. Are all devices generating logs?**

**No:** Logging capabilities across devices may not be uniform at Avanza. The organization faces challenges in ensuring that all devices consistently generate logs, with non-uniformity arising from differences in device types,

**21. Are all logs reviewed daily by inside and/or outside sources?**

**No:** Daily log reviews present a challenging task for them. Achieving daily analysis is difficult due to factors such as resource constraints, the volume of generated logs, or the need for specialized expertise in log analysis.

**22. Do you have a mature and well-organized cybersecurity incident response (in-house or in conjunction with third parties) that thoroughly investigates all incidents?**

**Yes:** They maintain a mature and well-organized cybersecurity incident response system, demonstrating a commitment to thorough investigations of all incidents. This preparedness is crucial for promptly addressing and mitigating potential cybersecurity threats, ensuring a resilient security posture.

**Security Architecture**

**~PDF 8**

**23: Do you only give employees the tools and access needed to perform their job functions, and nothing else?**

**Yes:** They provide employees with access only to the tools and resources necessary for their specific job functions. They achieve this through a robust access control system that evaluates the job requirements and assigns access rights, accordingly, ensuring that each employee has just what they need to perform their duties effectively.

**24. Do you utilize the principle of least privilege?**

**Yes:** They practice the principle of least privilege across its network. This means that employees are granted only the minimum levels of access or permissions they need to carry out their job functions. The company manages this by regularly reviewing user roles and access rights, ensuring that privileges are aligned with job requirements and are not excessive.

**25. Do you deploy a zero-trust model?**

**Yes:** They have limited implementation of the zero-trust model. Implements some elements in place, the model is not fully integrated across the organization.

**~ PDF # 13**

**26. Do you require multifactor authentication (MFA) for all connections outside of the network?**

**Yes:** But it’s implementing multifactor authentication (MFA) for all external connections is limited.

**27. Do you require MFA for internal authenticated network users to access key infrastructure and data inside the network (i.e., the crown jewels)?**

**Yes:** But its enforcement varies within Avanza, especially when accessing critical infrastructure and data.

**28. Do you manage all credentials in an order that allows you to quickly conduct a password reset for every account on your network? (This includes service accounts.)**

**Yes:** They effectively manage all credentials on their network, including the ability to quickly conduct password resets for every account. Managed through a centralized credential management system that tracks and controls access credentials, ensures efficient and secure handling of password resets and account management, even for service accounts.

**29. Have you recently assessed your Active Directory to ensure that it is properly configured and secured?**

**Yes:** They regularly assess their Active Directory to ensure it is properly configured and secured. They conduct these assessments periodically to identify and rectify any security vulnerabilities, ensuring that the Active Directory remains robust and resistant to potential cyber threats.

**30. Are you actively monitoring the security of your Active Directory?**

**Yes:** They actively monitor the security of their Active Directory. This involves continuous oversight using specialized security tools and protocols to detect and respond to any irregularities or potential breaches, thereby maintaining the integrity and security of their directory services.

**31. Do your perimeter firewalls have a deny-all rule unless otherwise authorized?**

**Yes:** Perimeter firewalls are configured with this rule unless specific authorization is provided. This strict approach ensures that only verified and necessary traffic is allowed through the network, significantly enhancing the company’s network security.

**32. Is your demilitarized zone (DMZ) secured?**

**No:** Securing the demilitarized zone (DMZ) is a significant challenge for Avanza. The complexity of maintaining security in these intermediate areas between the internal network and the external internet is a reason for this difficulty.

**33. Has it been ensured that there are no data, databases, or stored accounts on the DMZ?**

**No:** Ensuring that the DMZ is free of data, databases, or stored accounts is challenging for Avanza. This might be due to the complexities involved in managing and segregating network traffic and data storage in these zones.

**34. Do you deploy anti-spoofing technology to prevent forged IP addresses from entering the network?**

**Yes:** They deploy anti-spoofing technology to protect their network. Which helps prevent forged IP addresses from entering the system, which protects against certain types of cyber-attacks based on IP spoofing.

**35. Do you prevent the disclosure of internal IP addresses and routing information on the Internet?**

**Yes:** They take measures to prevent the disclosure of internal IP addresses and routing information on the Internet. They employ various security protocols and configurations to ensure that sensitive internal network details are not exposed to external parties.

**Threats ~ PDF # 10**

**42. Do you perform periodic targeted threat hunts?**

**Yes:** They conduct targeted threat hunts periodically. These hunts are designed to proactively identify and mitigate potential cyber threats but are not frequent. They use a combination of manual expertise and automated tools to execute these hunts effectively.

**43. Do you ingest current threat intelligence (preferably from more than one source) and have a procedure to implement rapid countermeasures based on good threat intelligence?**

**Yes:** They actively use threat intelligence from various sources to stay ahead of potential cyber threats. They utilize specialized tools for analyzing this intelligence, helping them quickly identify and respond to emerging security risks.

**44. Does it include performing routine dark web reconnaissance to learn what exists on the dark web about your brand and enterprise structures? ~ PDF # 11**

**No**: They do not regularly monitor the dark web for information about their brand. This is mainly because dark web monitoring requires specialized tools and expertise, which can be challenging to maintain in-house.

**45. Do you closely monitor all vendor and third-party supply-chain connections for compliance and untoward issues?**

**Yes:** They maintain a robust monitoring system for their vendor and third-party connections. This includes regular audits and automated systems to ensure compliance and detect any security issues, safeguarding their supply chain. **~ PDF # 7**

**Testing ~ PDF # 9**

**46. Do you conduct at least 1 penetration test annually, performed by a third party?**

**Yes:** They conduct at least one penetration test annually with the help of a third-party service. This approach ensures an objective evaluation of their network and systems' security. The third-party experts bring a fresh perspective and specialized skills to identify vulnerabilities that internal teams might overlook.

**47. Do you conduct routine vulnerability scans and remediate all vulnerabilities with a Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) score of 4 or more within 30 days, and all other vulnerabilities within 90 days?**

**Yes:** They routinely perform vulnerability scans and stick to a strict protocol to remediate identified issues. They prioritize fixing vulnerabilities with a CVSS score of 4 or more within 60 days and address all other vulnerabilities within 120 days. This systematic approach helps in maintaining a strong defense against potential cyber threats.

**48. Do you routinely scan your Internet-facing infrastructure for penetration and vulnerabilities?**

**Yes:** They conduct scans of their Internet-facing infrastructure, but these scans may not be as frequent or comprehensive as required. Regular and thorough scanning is crucial for detecting potential vulnerabilities and penetration risks, and there might be a need for more frequent or detailed assessments.

**49. Do you perform an annual business impact analysis/risk analysis report with insider and outside auditors?**

**Yes:** They attempt to perform annual business impact analyses and risk analysis reports with the help of internal and external auditors. However, they encounter challenges in conducting these analyses annually, due to the complexity of the process and sometimes the need for more in-depth collaboration with auditing experts.

**Data Management ~ PDF # 3**

**60. Is storage of confidential data kept to a minimum and securely deleted after it's no longer needed?**

**Yes:** They maintain strict practices for storing confidential data. They keep such data storage to a minimum and ensure it is securely deleted once it's no longer needed. This approach is part of their broader data management and security strategy, aiming to reduce the risk of data breaches and comply with data protection regulations.

**61. Do you require data classification throughout the network?**

**No:** The company strives for data classification throughout their network, but implementing a universal system is challenging. The complexity arises from the diverse nature of data and the need for detailed categorization to ensure appropriate handling and security measures for different data types.

**62. Do you deploy a network and cloud-based data loss prevention (DLP) program anywhere confidential data reside?**

**Yes:** They have deployed data loss prevention programs in some areas where confidential data resides, but the coverage may be inconsistent. This variation in deployment could be due to differing levels of risk assessment, resource allocation, or the complexity of integrating DLP solutions across various network and cloud environments.

**63. Do you prevent confidential data from being copied to external devices and external devices from being attached to endpoints?**

**Yes:** They have implemented robust measures to prevent the copying of confidential data to external devices and restrict external devices from being connected to endpoints. This is achieved through a combination of technical controls, such as device management software, and policy enforcement, ensuring that sensitive data remains secure and is not exposed to risks associated with external device usage.

**Software Development ~ PDF # 3**

**64. Are processes and mechanisms for developing and maintaining secure systems and software defined and understood?**

**Yes:** Processes and mechanisms for secure software development are defined at Avanza, but their universal understanding and adoption may be limited. The organization emphasizes secure development practices, although challenges in ensuring widespread implementation exist.

**65. Are software engineering techniques or other methods defined and in use by software development personnel to prevent or mitigate common software attacks and related vulnerabilities in all software?**

**No:** They face challenges in achieving universal adoption of prevention techniques by software development personnel. While techniques are defined, ensuring consistent implementation across all software remains challenging due to various factors, including resource constraints and evolving technologies.

**67. Are these applications protected against attacks?**

**Yes:** They have implemented measures to protect public-facing web applications against attacks. The organization is proactive in addressing security concerns, employing various strategies to enhance the resilience of these applications against potential threats.

**68**. **Are preproduction environments separated from production environments, and is separation enforced with access controls?**

**Yes:** They maintain separation between preproduction and production environments, although enforcement with access controls may face challenges. The organization recognizes the importance of environment separation but acknowledges ongoing efforts to strengthen and ensure consistent enforcement.

**For a fintech service-based company like Avanza Solutions, the following five threats are particularly critical due to their potential impact on financial operations, customer trust, and regulatory compliance:**

1. **Data Breaches:**

Unauthorized access to sensitive customer and financial data, leading to potential identity theft, financial fraud, and reputational damage.

Impact: Financial losses, regulatory penalties, damage to customer trust.

Mitigation Approach: Implement robust encryption, conduct regular security audits, monitor network traffic, and ensure compliance with data protection regulations.

1. **Phishing Attacks:**

Attempts to trick employees into disclosing sensitive information or credentials through deceptive emails or messages.

Impact: Unauthorized access, data compromise, potential financial fraud.

Mitigation Approach: Conduct regular phishing awareness training, implement email filtering systems, use multi-factor authentication (MFA), and regularly update security policies.

1. **Ransomware Attacks**:

Malicious software encrypts data, demanding payment for its release.

Impact: Disruption of operations, financial losses, potential data loss.

Mitigation Approach: Regularly update and patch software, employ advanced antivirus solutions, conduct regular backups, and educate employees about cybersecurity best practices.

1. **Regulatory Compliance Risks**:

Failure to comply with financial regulations and data protection laws.

Impact: Regulatory penalties, legal consequences, reputational damage.

Mitigation Approach: Stay informed about regulations, conduct regular compliance audits, implement controls to adhere to industry standards, and establish a robust governance framework.

1. **Insider Threats:**

Malicious actions or negligence by employees or contractors.

Impact: Unauthorized access, data breaches, potential financial fraud.

Mitigation Approach: Enforce the principle of least privilege, monitor employee activities, conduct background checks, establish clear security policies, and educate employees about the consequences of insider threats.

These threats require a holistic approach that combines technological solutions, employee education, and continuous monitoring. By prioritizing efforts to mitigate these critical threats, Avanza Solutions can enhance its overall cybersecurity resilience in the dynamic fintech landscape.